

# Restriction Enzyme Plut I



Cat.# FG-PluTI Size 500 units Conc. 10 units/µl

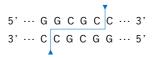
Store at -20℃

Supplied with: 10X FastGene® Buffer IV (FG-REB4)

10X FastGene® FastCut Buffer (FG-REBHF) 6X DNA Loading Buffer

Sterile water

## Recognition site



For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

**ISO**9001

#### Dilution buffer

FastGene® Diluent A

#### **Heat Inactivation**

PluT I can be inactivated at 65°C for 20 min.

## Methylation sensitivity

dam methylation: Not sensitive dcm methylation: Not sensitive CpG methylation: Sensitive

# Relative activity in FastGene® Buffers

FastGene®	Buffer I:	75%
$FastGene^{\circledR}$	Buffer II:	25%
$FastGene^{\circledR}$	Buffer III:	10%
$FastGene^{\circledR}$	Buffer IV:	100%
$FastGene^{\texttt{®}}$	FastCut Buffer:	100%

#### Note

PluT I requires two copies of its recognition sequence for cleavage to occur.

#### Source

Photorhabdus luminescens

#### Reaction conditions

1X FastGene® Buffer IV, 37°C 1X FastGene® FastCut Buffer, 37°C

## FastGene® FastCut Buffer

FastGene® restriction enzyme can cut substrate DNA in 5-15 min with FastGene® FastCut Buffer.

#### 1X FastGene® Buffer IV

20 mM Tris-acetate (pH 7.9 at 25°C) 50 mM potassium acetate 10 mM magnesium acetate 100 μg/ml BSA

#### Unit definition

One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to digest 1  $\mu$ g of pBR322 DNA in 1 hour at 37°C in a total reaction volume of 50  $\mu$ l.

# Quality control

- Unit definition assay
- Overdigestion assay
- Endonuclease assay
- Extreme pure assay

# Standard reaction condition

- Normal protocol

Component	Final Conc.	Volume
Substrate DNA	1 μg	Χ μΙ
10X FastGene® Buffer IV	1 X	5 μΙ
PluT I	10 unit	1 μΙ
Sterile water		up to 50 μl
→ Incubate at 37°C for 1 hr		

- Fast protocol		
Component	Final Conc.	Volume
Substrate DNA	1 μg	Χ μΙ
10X FastGene® FastCut Buffer	1 X	5 μΙ
PluT I	10 unit	1 μΙ
Sterile water		up to 50 μl

→ Incubate at 37°C for 15 min

 $\times$  We recommend 5-10 units of enzyme per  $\mu g$  DNA and 10-20 units for genomic DNA in a 1 h digest.